



Class : XII ISC

Subject : Sociology

Marks: 70

Time : 1 Hr 30 Mins

General instructions:

Read the following instructions carefully and strictly follow them:

- There are 61 questions in this questionpaper.
- **There is internal choice provided in each section.**
- All questions carry equal marks.
- There is no negative marking.
- Candidates should read them thoroughly and attempt accordingly.
- Fill **OMR sheet with the pencil** given along with the Question paper .

SOCIOLOGY

ALL QUESTIONS ARE COMPULSORY

SECTION A

Question 1

With regard to characteristics of social institutions find the odd one

- (a)Universal
- (b)Have no standard norms
- (c)Abstract in nature
- (d)Means of satisfying needs

Question 2

Marriage outside one's own group is called

- (a)Endogamy
- (b)Exogamy
- (c)Hypogamy
- (d)Monogamy

Question3

Penda ,Bewar are types of

- (a) Kinship
- (b) Kinship usage
- (c) Food gathering tribe
- (d) Shifting axe cultivation

Question 4

The Irula tribes of Madras make

- (a) weapons
- (b) furniture
- (c) basket
- (d) farming

Question 5

Todas are example of

- (a) Iron smelting
- (b) Industrial labour
- (c) Shifting axe cultivation
- (d) Pastoral tribe

Question 6

----- are justification of beliefs

- (a) Rituals
- (b) superstition
- (c) Naturism
- (d) Taboo

Question 7

Family of procreation is -----family

- (a) Consanguineous
- (b) affinal
- (c) patriarchal
- (d) matriarchal

Question 8

73rd constitutional amendment is related to

- (a) State Government
- (b) Municipal corporation**
- (c) Village panchayat
- (d) Centre-state relation

Question 9

The kinship usage where extreme degree of familiarity is expressed is

- (a) Amitate
- (b) Avunculate
- (c) Joking relation
- (d) Couvade

Question 10

The kinship usage referring a person as father or mother of his or her child is called

- (a) Amitate
- (b) Avunculate
- (c) Parentage
- (d) Teknonymy

Question 11

Modern families recognise kinship with both the parent's family of origin and therefore is called

- (a) Bilineal grouping
- (b) Unilateral group
- (c) bilateral group
- (d) unilineal group

Question 12

The kinship usage that consists in making a husband lead life of an invalid is

- (a) Joking relation
- (b) Avoidance**

(c) Amitate

(d) Couvade

Question 13

Family to which one is born to is

(a) Family of procreation

(b) Family of origin

(c) Conjugal family

(d) none of the above

Question 14

A family which comprises of 'a nucleus of blood relatives' surrounded by a fringe of wives and others who are incidental to maintenance of the family is called

(a) Family of origin

(b) consanguineous family

(c) conjugal family

(d) extended family

Question 15

Meaning of Kinship usage is

(a) Kinship relation

(b) Co-Active behaviour pattern among kins

(c) Kinship types

(d) Utility of kinship

Question 16

Aja, Hepu, Shi are examples of

- (a) Kinship terms
- (b) Kinship usages
- (c) Degrees of kinship
- (d) Kinship relation

Question 17

When several people, lineal as well as collateral and often even affinal are all referred to by the same term of designation, it is called

- (a) Classificatory term
- (b) Descriptive term
- (c) Reference term
- (d) Explanatory term

Question 18

When nephews and nieces are brought up under authority of maternal uncle, it is called

- (a) Avunculate
- (b) Avunculocal residence
- (c) Avuncupotestality
- (d) Couvade

Question 19

When paternal aunt enjoys pre-eminent place in life of her nephews and nieces that exceed that of their father, it is called

- (a) Avunculate
- (b) Amitate
- (c) Couvade
- (d) Patriarchate

Question 20

-----is a rule of marriage where a man marries a woman from an upper caste

- (a)Hypergamy
- (b)Hypogamy**
- (c)Endogamy
- (d)Exogamy

Question 21

----- is a form of marriage which takes place between individual and individual's mother's sister's son /daughter

- (a)Cross-cousin**
- (b)Hypergamy
- (c)Parallel cousin
- (d)None of the above

Question 22

-----is a form of marriage in which a deceased's wife sister becomes one's potential mate

- (a)Levirate
- (b)Sororate**
- (c)Cross-cousin
- (d)Polygamy

Question 23

With regard to forms of marriage choose the odd one

- (a)Polyandry
- (b)Polygyny
- (c)Gotra
- (d)Monogamy**

Question 24

With regard to matriarchal family, find the odd one

- (a) Matrilocal residence
- (b) Descent through mother
- (c) Power exercised by father
- (d) Inheritance of property through mother

Question 25

With regard to Sapinda exogamy, one cannot marry in

- (a) Same gotra
- (b) Common parentage
- (c) Same village
- (d) Same family

Question 26

The form of marriage in which a woman is married to more than one man is called

- (a) Polyandry
- (b) Polygyny
- (c) Polygamy
- (d) Multiple marriage

Question 27

The type of marriage in which wives are more than one and not related as sisters is

- (a) Sororal polyandry
- (b) Non –sororal polyandry
- (c) Polygamy
- (d) Polygyny

Question 28

Air, Sunlight or goods that are not scarce are called

- (a) Imported goods
- (b) Exported goods
- (c) Free goods
- (d) Economic goods

Question 29

With reference to Mac Iver's family, which one is not a feature?

- (a) Emotional basis
- (b) Educative role
- (c) Large size
- (d) Universality

Question 30

Primary kin of one's primary kin is

- (a) Secondary kin
- (b) kin of fourth degree
- (c) Tertiary kin
- (d) Unilateral kin

Question 31

Functional theory of religion was promoted by

- (a) Malinowski
- (b) Radcliffe Brown
- (c) Emile Durkheim
- (d) all of the above

Question 32

With regard to dysfunctions of religion, choose the odd one

- (a) Hampers social change
- (b) Conservative and retards progress
- (c) Promotes Fanaticism
- (d) Fosters self reliance

Question 33

The earliest form of religion is

- (a) Animism
- (b) Totemism
- (c) Naturism
- (d) Taboo

Question 34

Find the odd one with reference to difference between science and religion

- (a) Science deals with empirical while religion with supernatural
- (b) Science deals with known while religion deals with unknown world
- (c) Ritualism is related to religion ,science deals with pragmatism
- (d) Religion deals with absolute truth while science deals with partial truth.

Question 35

With reference to functions of family, find the odd one

- (a) Protective
- (b) Sexual regulation
- (c) Socialisation
- (d) Promotion of religion

Question 36

Blood relations belonging to one line of descent exclusively is called

- (a) Gotra
- (b) Parentage
- (c) Lineage
- (d) Clan

Question 37

A clan growing larger everyday splits into smaller groups, the process is called

- (a) Fission
- (b) Fusion
- (c) Expansion
- (d) Contraction

Question 38

A family which comprises of 'a nucleus of blood relatives surrounded by a fringe of wives and others who are incidental to maintenance of the family is called

- (a) Family of origin
- (b) Consanguineous family
- (c) Conjugal family
- (d) Extended family

Question 39

Barter is

- (a) Weekly market
- (b) Type of agrarian economy
- (c) Caste based occupation
- (d) Exchange of goods without monetary transaction

Question 40

That body of rules or principles concerned with good and evil as manifested to us by conscience is called

- (a)Moral code
- (b)Morality
- (c)Social code
- (d)Religion

Question 41

Taboo refers to

- (a)Verbal do's and dont's associated with ritualistic behaviour
- (b)action of prevention
- (c)power estimation of primitive soul
- (d)religion of primitive society

Question 42

Typical attitude like treating animal and plant species as ancestors by tribes is -----

- (a)Naturism
- (b)Animism
- (c)Taboo
- (d)Totemism

Question 43

Concept of Animism was contributed by

- (a)Radcliffe Brown
- (b)Malinowski
- (c)Tylor
- (d)Max Muller

Question 44

Religion acts as a means of social control. Find the odd one

- (a) Moral, spiritual and social values are supported by religion
- (b) Conserves norms and values of life
- (c) Maintains dominance of group goals over individual impulses
- (d) All of the above

Question 45

Cross-cousin marriage is mostly practiced by

- (a) Bhils
- (b) Gonds
- (c) Santhals
- (d) Ho

Question 46

Hypergamy is also known as

- (a) Anuloma
- (b) Pratiloma
- (c) Anukul
- (d) Pratikul

Question 47

Find the odd one with regard to characteristics of Jajmani system

- (a) Adds to village solidarity
- (b) Relations are exclusive
- (c) Establishes closer family links
- (d) No obligation of castes on basis of occupation

Question 48

With regard to jajmani system the Kamins are

- (a) Recipients of service
- (b) Service providers
- (c) Backward castes
- (d) Forward castes

Question 49

With regard to agrarian relations, the person who is allowed by the landlord to use land in return for share of crops produced in his part of land, is called

- (a) Tenant
- (b) Landlord
- (c) Servant
- (d) Master

Question 50

With regard to weekly market find the odd one

- (a) Most goods are produced in small scale
- (b) People buy for weekly requirement
- (c) Popular goods are vegetables, oil, clothes
- (d) There is concept of wholesale market

Question 51

With regard to landlord in agrarian relations, find the odd one

- (a) Holds the land and can use the land
- (b) Cannot determine succession of land
- (c) Hires tenants
- (d) Deals with tenants to use land for sharecropping

Question 52

Type of family that consists of members belonging to three generations ,husband and wife, their married and unmarried child and their married as well as unmarried grandchildren is -----

- (a) Nuclear family
- (b) Matriarchal family
- (c) Joint family
- (d) Conjugal family

Question 53

With regard to MGNREGA find the odd one

- (a) Employment within 5 km of the applicant's residence
- (b) If work is not provided, applicant is entitled to unemployment allowance
- (c) Create durable assets like roads, canals.
- (d) Employment under MGNREGA is illegal entitlement.

Question 54

Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act (MGNREGA) was passed in September 2005 under the Govt of (Centre)

- (a) Narendra Modi
- (b) Dr Mammohan Singh
- (c) Atal Bihari Vajpayee
- (d) Indira Gandhi

Question 55

With regard to Bal Panchayat find the odd one

- (a) Improve standards of education
- (b) Ensure more children enrol in schools
- (c) Encourage use of polythene bags
- (d) Prevent child marriage

Question 56

With regard to causes for change in joint family, find the odd one

- (a) Influence of education
- (b) Influence of customs and tradition
- (c) Impact of industrialisation
- (d) Influence of urbanisation

Question 57

Who is ego in calculation of degree of kinship?

- (a) Primary kin
- (b) Secondary kin
- (c) Self
- (d) Tertiary kin

Question 58

Tracing descent through mythical ancestor in Hindu religion is

- (a) Lineage
- (b) Paternity
- (c) Kinship
- (d) Gotra

Question 59

Religion had been regarded as a product of civilization until Tylor gave convincing proof that primitive societies have their own versions of religious activity not very different from that of civilized societies

i) With reference to the above statement match the following by selecting the correct option

I) The purpose of religion is to purge the human mind of its stress and strain	1) Taboo
II) Unwritten law of savage society	2) Malinowski
III) Naturism	3) Animism
IV) Primitive man must have thought that there must be two souls in human beings	4) Max Muller

The correct match for numbers I,II,III,IV is

- (a) 4,3,2,1
- (b) 3,2,4,1
- (c) 2,1,4,3
- (d) 2,4,1,3

ii) Taboos associated with process of cultivation

- a) Productive
- b) Protective
- c) Preventive
- d) Totemic

iii) Taboos keeping women and children away from certain places

- a) Productive
- b) Preventive
- c) Protective
- d) Totemic

iv) The function of religion is not to purge emotional stress but to instill a sense of dependence in it

- a) Malinowski
- b) Radcliffe- Brown
- c) Durkheim
- d) Max Muller

Question 60

73rd constitutional amendment act was enacted to revamp Panchayati Raj institution .

(i) With reference to the above statement match the following by selecting the correct option.

I) 11 th schedule	1) SC and ST women
II) Reservation of seats	2) Members of Panchayat
III) Three Tiers of Panchayati raj	3) 29 subjects
IV) Direct election	4) Panchayat, Panchayat Samiti, Zilla Parishad

The correct match for I,II,III,IV is

- a) 3,1,4,2
- b) 4,1,2,3
- c) 2,1,4,3
- d) 3,4,2,1

ii) Responsibility of conducting election of Panchayati Raj lies with

- a) Central Govt
- b) State Govt
- c) Zilla Parishad
- d) Panchayat Samity

iii) Ratio of reservation of seats for SC(Scheduled caste) and ST (Scheduled tribe) women in Panchayati Raj is

- a) 1/5 th
- b) 1/6 th
- c) 1/10th
- d) 1/3 rd

iv) Tenure of Panchayati Raj is fixed for

- a) 3 yrs
- b) 5 yrs
- c) 4yrs
- d) 6yrs

Question 61

i) Marriage is one of the universal social institution. It is closely connected with the institution of family.(i)With reference to the above statement match the following by selecting the correct option.

I) Pravara exogamy	1)Wives are sisters
II)Polyandry	2)Function of marriage
III)Provides for economic co-operation	3) Todas of India
IV)Sororal Polygyny	4) uttering name of the common saint

The correct match for I,II,III,IV is

- a)3,4,2,1
- b)2,3,1,4

c)4,3,2,1

d)2,1,4,3

ii) This marriage becomes a practice whenever there is an excess of females over males.

a) Polygamy

b) Polygyny

c) Polyandry

d) Endogamy

iii) This is most widespread form of marriage found among primitive as well as civilised people. There is one man to one woman.

a) Polygyny

b) Polyandry

c) Exogamy

d) Monogamy

iv) Marriage in which life partners are selected within one's group-group may be caste, tribe, race etc ,

a) Endogamy

b) Exogamy

c) Monogamy

d) Polygamy



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